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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/891,332	06/27/2001	Joseph Solus	0942.4250003	4572
20111	7590 02/26/2003 ESSLER, GOLDSTEIN	EXAMINER		
1100 NEW YO	ORK AVENUE, N.W., SUITE 600 ON, DC 20005-3934		TUNG, JOYCE	
	·		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1637 DATE MAILED: 02/26/2003	10

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application	No.
09/89	1 3

Applicant(s)

09/891,332

Solus et al.

Office Action Summary

Examiner Joyce Tung Art Unit 1637



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on	the cover s	heet with	the correspondence address
eriod fo	or Reply	O EVDIDE	3	MONTH(S) FROM
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.			
- Extension	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no	event, however,	may a reply b	e timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the
mailing If the position If NO position Failure Any rep	date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the se eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the aby received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	statutory minimum will expire SIX (n of thirty (30 3) MONTHS fo ome ABAND(days will be considered timely. rom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status				
1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Nov 21, 20	02		•
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) X This actio			
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance ex closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte</i>	cept for for e <i>Quayle</i> , 1	mal matto 935 C.D.	ers, prosecution as to the merits is 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposi	tion of Claims			the death and insting
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1, 2, 5-33, 66, and 69-72</u>			is/are pending in the application.
4	la) Of the above, claim(s)			is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) 🗌	Claim(s)			is/are allowed.
6) X	Claim(s) 1, 2, 5, 6, 9-15, 21-29, and 66			is/are rejected.
7) 🔀	4.00.70			is/are objected to.
8) 🔽	Claims 1, 2, 5-33, 66, and 69-72	a	re subjec	t to restriction and/or election requirement.
	ation Papers			
	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) 🗌 accep	ted or b	\square objected to by the Examiner.
I O/		awingle) he	held in ab	evance, See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11)□	The proposed drawing correction filed on		is: a)□	approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner
11/4	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to	o this Office	action.	
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examir			
Priority	v under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign pr	iority under	35 U.S.C	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have			
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been rece	ived in A	pplication No
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority de application from the International Burea	au (FCT Nui	C 17.2(a)	I ·
*	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the			
14)				
a)	The translation of the foreign language provisiona	application	n nas bee	n received. S C 88 120 and/or 121.
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority und	161 30 U.	5,0, 33 120 dilajor 12 :-
	ment(s)	4) Intervie	w Summarv (I	PTO-413) Paper No(s)
, ,	Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)			tent Application (PTO-152)
_	Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing neview (F10-9-97) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:		
3) 🕍	IUIOUIIIRIION DISCIOSUIG Statement(s) (1.10-1440) 1 also 110(s).	· 		

Page 2 Application/Control Number: 09/891,332 Art Unit: 1637 Response to Amendment The amendment filed 11/21/2002 has been entered. 1. The rejection of claims 7-8, 21-22 and 66 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph is 2. withdrawn. The rejection of claims 1-2, 5 and 66 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by 3. Mullis et al. (4,965,188) is withdrawn. The rejection of claims 1-2, 5-19 and 23-33 under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, 4. in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Hughes et al. (6,015,668) is withdrawn. The rejection of claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable 5. over Hughes et al. (6,015,668) as applied to claims 1-2, 5-19 and 23-33 above, and further in view of Huo (5,922,535) is withdrawn. **NEW GROUNDS REJECTION** Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all 6. obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action: (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 1-2, 5-6, 9-15, 23-29 and 66 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caetano-Anolles et al. (WO 95/33853).

Caetano-Anolles et al. disclose a method of DNA fingerprinting in which a Stoffel fragment of a DNA polymerase from *Thermos aquaticus* is applied to the reaction. The fragment of the DNA polymerase is a highly thermostable, recombinant DNA polymerase and no associated 3'-5' or 5'-3' exonuclease activity (See pg. 25, third paragraph).

Caetano-Anolles et al. do not disclose that the DNA polymerase with no associated 3'-5' or 5'-3' exonuclease activity to reduce in ability to add one or more non-template nucleotide to the 3' terminus of a DNA molecule.

Based upon the definition of "said DNA polymerases" which are mutated to be substantially reduced in the ability to add one or more non-templated nucleotides to the 3' terminus of a DNA molecule in the specification and do not have 3' exonuclease activity (See pg. 25, lines 9-15).

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One of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention would have been motivated to apply the DNA polymerase of Caetano-Anolles et al. to the method of identifying, analyzing or typing a polymorphic DNA fragment in a DNA sample, because the polymerase gave improved performance in DAF reactions and particularly is more efficient in amplification of short products and able to produce more informative fingerprints than other DNA polymerases (See pg. 25, third paragraph). Further, one of ordinary skill in the art would have also made the kit containing the polymerase of Caetano-Anolles et al. because constructing a kit including the components used for performing a method was well known routine practice in the art for convenience. It would have been <u>prima facie</u> obvious to carry out the method and construct the kit as claimed.

8. Claims 21 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caetano-Anolles et al. (WO 95/33853) as applied to claims 1-2, 5-6, 9-15, 23-29 and 66 above, and further in view of Huo (5,922,535).

The teachings of Caetano-Anolles et al. are set forth in section 7 above.

Caetano-Anolles et al. do not disclose determining the relationship between a first individual and a second individual in which the first individual is known and the second individual is unknows a method of identifying sequence differences between or among nucleic acid population via polymerase chain reaction (See the Abstract and column l, lines 52-54).

Huo also addresses that in the conventional way, normal sequence is already known (See column 1, lines 13-20).

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One of ordinary skill in the art at time of the invention would have been motivated to combine the teachings of the DNA polymerase of Caetano-Anolles et al. and the teachings of Huo to make the instant invention that the relationship between two individuals is determined via polymerase chain reaction. The motivation is that the DNA polymerase of Caetano-Anolles et al. gave improved performance in DAF reactions and particularly is more efficient in amplification of short products and able to produce more informative fingerprints than other DNA polymerases (See pg. 25, third paragraph) and the teachings of Huo provide the method for the detection of sequence differences between two or more nucleic acid populations. Thus, it would have prima facie obvious to carry out the method involving that the relationship between two individuals is determined via polymerase chain reaction as claimed.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 7-8, 16-20, 30-33, 69-72 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

No prior art has been found teaching or suggesting a polymerase which comprises mutations in the O-helix of the polymerase or the modification at position R(Arg) or F(Phe) or

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K(Lys) of the O-helix that reduce, substantially reduce or eliminate the ability of the polymerase to add non-templated 3' nucleotides to a synthesized nucleic acid molecule.

Summary

- 11. No claims are allowable.
- 12. Any inquiries concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joyce Tung whose telephone number is (703) 305-7112. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00 AM-4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Gary Benzion can be reached at (703) 308-1119 on Monday-Friday from 10:00 AM-6:00 PM.

Any inquiries of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Chemical/Matrix receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

13. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Art Unit 1637 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1 using (703) 305-3014 or 308-4242. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989).

Joyce Tung

February 21, 2003

GARY BENZION, PH:Ó PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINEI

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600